TURLOCK POLICE DEPARTMENT (2870)
COLLAPSIBLE AND SIDE HANDLE BATON AND PERSONAL DEFENSE
WEAPONS

Revised: 07/06/2020

COURSE TITLE: Collapsible and Side Handle Baton and Personal Defense Weapons (21261)

COURSE NUMBER: 21261

COURSE HOURS: 4

COURSE GOAL: To provide participants with a review of use of force options, including state law and department policies. Classroom and practical training will be given, use of personal defense weapons and impact weapons.

AUDIENCE: Sworn Peace Officers

NOTE: The training will consist of a classroom review, practical exercises, demonstration and scenarios. A safety orientation and warm-up exercises will be conducted prior to the start of the practical portion.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

Under the supervision of a qualified instructor, and using an approved law enforcement impact weapons, each student will:

I. Demonstrate their understanding of 835a P.C.

II. Review of the agency policy as it relates to Use of Force and Control Devices

III. Demonstrate the ability to perform movements and strikes as they relate to personal defense weapons

IV. Demonstrate proficiency with the Collapsible and Side Handle Baton
EXPANDED COURSE OUTLINE

I. Classroom (Lecture)
   A. Instructor Introduction
      I. Registration/Sign in
      II. Discussion class rules and safety policy
      III. Discussion of prior, restrictions and injuries
   B. Use of Force Discussion (Power Point Presentation)
      I. Department Policy
      II. The Force Continuum
      III. Use of Force Memorandums
      IV. De-Escalation Techniques
         a. Officer Safety
            1. Officer to Officer
            2. Officer to suspect(s)(reading suspect)
            3. Officer to citizen
         b. Command Presence
            4. Approach-Positioning
            5. Body Language
            6. Posturing
         c. Effective Listening
            7. Observing
            8. Paraphrasing
            9. Interest
         d. Defusing Anger
            10. Redirection
            11. Responding
         e. Judgement and Decision Making
            12. Influence
            13. Control/voluntary compliance
            14. Resolution
         f. Stress Conditions
            15. Environment/high risk vs. low risk/consensual vs. detention-arrest
            16. Professional/Non-Professional/Inappropriate language
            17. Intentional/unintentional contact escalation versus de-escalation
         g. Enhanced Professionalism
            18. Use of good communication skills
            19. Use of good communication elements
            20. Gain control/voluntary compliance
         h. Decreased Complaints
            21. Inappropriate communication
            22. Touch
            23. Distance
24. Words
25. Culture
   i. Decreased Liability
26. Persuasion vs Demand
27. Appeal via ethics
28. Rational
29. Practical
30. Personal

j. Less Stress

C. Officer Duties After Use of Force
   I. Supervisor Notification
   II. First Aid/Medical Attention and clearance for booking
      Prior to booking or release, medical assistance shall be obtained for any person who
      exhibits signs of physical distress, who has sustained visible injury, expresses a
      complaint of injury or continuing pain, or who was rendered unconscious. Any
      individual exhibiting signs of physical distress after an encounter should be
      continuously monitored until he/she can be medically assessed. Based upon the
      officer's initial assessment of the nature and extent of the subject's injuries, medical
      assistance may consist of examination by fire personnel, paramedics, hospital staff or
      medical staff at the jail.
         a. Use of Force memorandums
         b. Statements
         c. Photographs

SIDE HANDLE BATON

I. Side Handle Baton
   A. Nomenclature

II. Considerations for Use of Side Handle Baton
   A. Size, Age, Strength of Suspect vs. Officer
   B. Physical Condition of Suspect vs. Officer
   C. Crime Involved, Seriousness of Offense, Active Resistance
   D. Multiple Suspects
   E. Level of Training or Skill of Suspect vs. Officer
   F. Known History of Suspect
   G. Crowd Control
   H. Nothing else worked and it is the lesser, less than lethal available force

III. Target Areas to Consider:
   A. Target Areas Are:
      I. Fingers, Hands, Arms, Elbows, Collar bone, Thighs, Shins, Toes, Ribs
         GENERALLY: Anywhere where bones come close to the surface of the skin.
         EXCEPT: THE HEAD AND SPINAL COLUMN
IV. Target Areas to Avoid
   A. AVOID: Head, Throat, Spinal Column, Kidney Areas, Heart, Xyphoid Process, Groin, Sternum, Neck

V. Exercises
   A. Warm Up
   B. Body Mechanics
      I. Stance, Footwork, Positions of Advantage, Distraction Techniques
   C. Drawing and Grip of the Side Handle Baton (Cross, Front, Power, Power/Jab, Read)
   D. Strike Zones
   E. Basic Strikes
      I. Forward Strike Zones 1-4 (1-handed, 2-handed)
      II. Forward and Reverse Strikes Zones 1-4 (1-handed, 2-handed)
      III. Forward and Reverse Strikes Zones 1-4 (1-handed, 2-handed)
      IV. Jabs (Front, Rear, Extended Front & Rear)
      V. Yawara Strikes (regular and from extended)
   VI. Blocks Zones 1-4
   VII. Crescent Strike
   VIII. Defensive Grabs
   F. Bag Drills

COLLAPSIBLE BATON

VI. Body Mechanics- The Pyramid Stance
   A. Wide Base- Feet Shoulder Width Apart
   B. Deep Base- Linear Balance, Reaction Leg Forward, Weapon Leg Back
   C. Low Center- Slightly Bending the knees
   D. Head Over Center

VII. Stance
   A. Interview Stance
   B. Combat Stance - With and Without Batons

VIII. Safe Separation - Both from Interview Stance and Combat Stance
   A. Check
   B. Redirect

IX. ASP Modes Depends on Threat Encountered
   A. Open and Closed

X. Target Areas
   A. Center Mass of the Arm
   B. Center Mass of the Leg
   C. Center Mass of the Body

XI. Areas to Avoid
   A. Head, Neck, Spinal Column, Sternum, Groin, Xyphoid Process, Heart, Kidneys, and Throat

XII. Opening
   A. To the Sky
   B. To the Ground
XIII. Closing
XIV. Baton Strikes
   A. Closed Mode Strikes
      I. Weapon Strike
      II. Reaction Strike
      III. Straight Strike
      IV. Bag Drills
   B. Open Mode Strikes
      I. Rapid Response Strike
      II. Weapon Strike
      III. Reaction Strike
      IV. Bag Drills
XV. Red Man Drill
   A. Scenario Skills Testing

PERSONAL DEFENSE WEAPONS

I. Personal Defense Weapons
   A. Review
II. Considerations for Use of Personal Defense Weapons
   A. Size, Age, Strength of Suspect vs. Officer
   B. Physical Condition of Suspect vs. Officer
   C. Crime Involved, Seriousness of Offense, Active Resistance
   D. Multiple Suspects
   E. Level of Training or Skill of Suspect vs. Officer
   F. Known History of Suspect
   G. Nothing else worked and it is the lesser, less than lethal available force
III. Target Areas to Consider:
   A. Target Areas Are:
      I. Fingers, Hands, Arms, Elbows, Collar bone, Thighs, Shins, Toes, Ribs
IV. Target Areas to Avoid
   A. Avoid:
      I. Throat, Spinal Column, Kidney Areas, Heart, Xyphoid Process, Eyes, Groin
V. Body Mechanics
   A. Stance, Footwork, Positions of Advantage, Distraction Techniques
VI. Basic Strikes: (Left and Right)
   A. Straight Punch
   B. Heel of Palm Strike
   C. Elbow Strikes (horizontal and vertical strikes)
   D. Knee Strikes
   E. Straight Kick
   F. Round House Kick
   G. Blocks
   H. Combination Strikes
VII. Bag Drills